Stunning poultry: mechanical percussive devices

Restraint

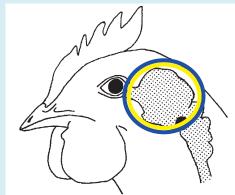
Power source

Information based on Accles & Shelvoke Ltd Cash .22 Poultry Killer

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CPK2	Cash E 0.22 rim-fire (1 grain)	Cash E 0.22 rim-fire (1 grain)	Cash E 0.22 rim-fire (1 grain)	Cash E 0.22 rim-fire (1 grain)
CPK1	12 <u>0 psi</u>	135 psi	135 psi Poults: 60psi	135 psi

Application







- · Restrain head by lightly holding the beak.
- Position muzzle on the highest point of the head, between the eye and the ear, and on the midline.
- Aim straight down through the head, and at right angles to the top of the head.
- On impact, allow the head to be propelled from your hand. Do not hold onto head after firing.

Assessment

Signs of an effective stun

- Uncontrolled severe wing flapping
- No rhythmic breathing immediately after shot
- No control over neck movement
- Leg flexion and extension
- Eyes have fixed, glazed expression
- → Bleed the bird or dislocate the neck

Signs of an ineffective stun

- Intermittent, or absence of, flapping
- Rhythmic breathing immediately after shot
- Ability to control neck
- Escape behaviour
- Vocalisation
- → Apply a back-up stunning or killing method



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